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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/805,244	03/22/2004	Noboru Yonekawa	204552032600 9051	
7590 08/03/2006 Barry E. Bretschneider Morrison & Foerster LLP Suite 300 1650 Tysons Boulevard			EXAMINER	
			REIS, TRAVIS M	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2859	
McLean, VA 22102			DATE MAILED: 08/03/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/805,244	YONEKAWA, NOBORU				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Travis M. Reis	2859				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	I I					
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONEI	the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 May 2006.						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) 1-12 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	r election requirement					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
des the attached detailed emiss detail for a liet of the definited depicts flot rederved.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		atent Application (PTO-152)				

Application/Control Number: 10/805,244 Page 2

Art Unit: 2859

DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 1, 6, 7, 11, & 12 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 2, 6, & 7 of copending Application No. 10/805221. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because all the limitations claimed in claims 1, 6, 7, & 10-12 of this application are present in claims 1, 2, 6, & 7 of Application No. 10/805221.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

3. Claims 1, 6, 7, 11, & 12 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 2, 4, 6, & 8-10 of copending Application No. 10/805228. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because all the limitations claimed in claims 1, 6, 7, 11, & 12 of this application are present in claims 1, 2, 4, 6, & 8-10 of Application No. 10/805228.

Application/Control Number: 10/805,244

Art Unit: 2859

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

4. Claims 1-8 & 10-12 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 2, 10-12, & 15 of copending Application No. 10/805250. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because all the limitations claimed in claims 1-4, 6-8, 11, & 12 of this application are present in clams 1, 2, 10-12, & 15 of Application No. 10/805250.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

5. Claim 9 is provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 & 6 of copending Application No. 10/805221 in view of Hirano. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claim 9 claims a device as stated in claims 1 & 6 of copending Application No. 10/805228. with the exception of a mold release layer.

Hirano discloses a roller for fixation with a mold release layer. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the device claimed in claims 1 & 6 of copending Application No. 10/805221 with the mold release layer as taught by Hirano in order to prevent wear.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

6. Claim 9 is provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 6, & 9 of copending Application No. 10/805228 in view of Hirano. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claim 9 claims a device as stated in claims 1, 6, & 9 of

copending Application No. 10/805228. with the exception of a mold release layer.

Hirano discloses a roller for fixation with a mold release layer. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the device claimed in claims 1, 6, & 9 of copending Application No. 10/805228 with the mold release layer as taught by Hirano in order to prevent wear.

Page 4

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

7. Claim 9 is provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 & 11 of copending Application No. 10/805250 in view of Hirano. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claim 9 claims a device as stated in claims 1 & 11 of copending Application No. 10/805250 with the exception of a mold release layer.

Hirano discloses a roller for fixation with a mold release layer. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the device claimed in claims 1 & 11 of copending Application No. 10/805228 with the mold release layer as taught by Hirano in order to prevent wear.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments, see Applicant's Remarks, filed 5/24/6, with respect to claim 1 have been fully considered and are persuasive. The prior art rejection of claims 1-12 has been withdrawn.

In response to applicant's arguments that a terminal disclaimer only when one of the provisional applications is issued and hence is not needed now; these arguments have been

Art Unit: 2859

fully considered but they are not persuasive since Application No.10/805250 has been allowed. Hence, a Terminal Disclaimer is now required to overcome the Double Patenting Rejection. See MPEP § 1490.

Conclusion

9. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Travis M. Reis whose telephone number is (571) 272-2249. The examiner can normally be reached on 8--5 M--F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Diego Gutierrez can be reached on (571) 272-2245. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Page 6

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Travis M Reis Examiner Art Unit 2859 Diego Gutierrez Supervisory Patent Examiner Tech Center 2800

tmr July 31, 2006